

Rubber Surgical Gloves

Description:

WILLCOME offers natural high quality rubber surgical gloves that conforms to medical standards.

Disposable latex gloves not only help keep the workplace, materials and surfaces sanitary and free from contamination, but also protect the workers themselves. Latex gloves can effectively protect the hands and wrists from certain chemicals, including detergents, alcohol, biohazards such as viruses and bacteria, body fluids, abrasive materials, etc. Perfect for use by doctors, nurses, lab technicians, dentists, etc.



Features:

No Itching/
Irritation



Feels like
Second Skin



Incredible
Stretch



Oderless: Odorless, non -toxic harmless, alkali-resistant, acid -resistant.

Comfortable: Softness provides superior comfort and natural fit.

Anti-Virus: Rubber surgical gloves can prevent viruses, isolate viruses, and prevent exposure.

Fluid Resistance: Rubber gloves can effectively protect the hands and wrists from fluids, including detergents, alcohol, body fluids etc.

Easy donning: Beaded cuffs make donning easier and provide added strength and protection against fluid backflow

High Strength & Elasticity: Rubber gloves have high strength and elasticity to protect surgeons during surgery.

Anatomical Design: Fully anatomical design to reduce hand fatigue and improve finger dexterity.

Textured Surface: Some rubber gloves come with textured grips for better grip and dexterity

Specification

Product	Disposable surgical gloves.
Type	Ethylene oxide sterilized
Material	High quality 100% rubber.
Size	XS, S, M, L, XL
Color	Cream or customized.
Design&Feature	Hand specific, curved fingers, palm textured, extended beaded cuff.
Certificate	CE, FDA
Storage	The gloves shall maintain their properties when stored away from direct lights & UV-light, in a cool & dry condition at temperature not higher than 30°C.
Moisture Content	Below 0.3% per glove.

Material

Natural rubber.

Rubber surgical gloves are typically made from latex or synthetic latex materials. Latex gloves are derived from natural rubber latex, while synthetic gloves are made from polymers such as nitrile, neoprene, or polyisoprene. These materials provide flexibility, durability, and excellent sensitivity and dexterity for medical procedures.



Application:



Surgical Procedures:

To maintain a sterile environment and prevent infections.



Examinations:

During physical exams to protect both healthcare providers and patients.



Dental Procedures:

To ensure hygiene and prevent cross-contamination.



Laboratory Work:

Handling biological samples and chemicals safely.



Emergency Services:

Used by paramedics and emergency responders to protect against blood borne pathogens.



House Work:

When it comes to certain cooking, maintenance, or cleaning tasks, disposable rubber gloves can stand up to a variety of common chemicals and contaminants.

Instruction:

XS	5½ - 6" 14 - 15.2 cm
S	6½ - 7" 16.5 - 17.8 cm
M	7½ - 8" 19.1 - 20.3 cm
L	8½ - 9" 21.6 - 22.9 cm
XL	9½ - 10" 24.1 - 25.4 cm
XXL	10½ - 11" 26.7 - 27.9 cm



Choose the Right Gloves:

Ensure the gloves fit snugly but comfortably. Gloves that are too tight can cause hand fatigue, while those that are too loose can reduce dexterity.



Inspect the Gloves:

Before putting on your rubber gloves, check to make sure they do not have any tears, holes or defects.



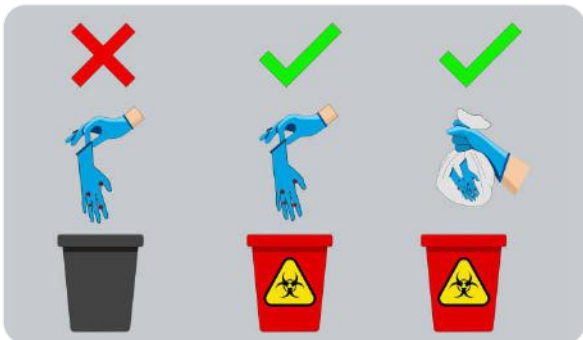
Putting on the Gloves:

Hold the rubber glove at the cuff and insert your hand. Gently pull the glove over your hand, ensuring it fits snugly around your fingers and palm.



Using the Gloves:

Carry out the tasks for which the rubber gloves are intended, whether it's medical procedures, food handling, cleaning, or other activities.



Removing & disposing the Gloves:

Pinch the outside of one rubber glove at the wrist without touching your skin. Pull the glove off, turning it inside out as you remove it. Dispose of the gloves in a designated waste container.



Wash Hands:

Wash your hands thoroughly with soap and water or use hand sanitizer immediately after removing the gloves.